

LATE NEWS BY WIRE.

New Jersey's Two Senates Still Fail to Agree.

NEITHER BODY HAS A QUORUM.

Propositions Advanced by the Republicans.

CONCESSIONS ARE NECESSARY

SENATORS MEET AND ADJOURN.

No Nearer a Settlement of the Dispute in New Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 17.—The two senates met this morning, the republican body in the assembly chamber. Neither organization had a quorum. The republicans adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon, and the democrats until next Monday evening. The republicans have given up the notion that the democrats are merely playing a game of bluff, and perceive clearly now that unless they make concessions no coalition is possible. The democrats, on the other hand, are in the course of a few days what is best for them to do under the circumstances. Some of the leaders favor holding a joint meeting at once for the election of a state controller and a state treasurer and then adjourning sine die.

Proposition by the Republicans.

The republican senate committee on compromise met this morning. The committee in the president's room back of the senate chamber this noon.

The republicans, through Chairman Rogers, presented the following proposition: On behalf of the eleven republican senators, there is offered the following proposition as a basis for the settlement of the existing disagreement.

First. The acceptance of the credentials of the seven newly-elected republican senators on the ground that the democrats in the immediate induction into office of the senators presenting such credentials.

Second.—An agreement that the senate, after the induction into office of the senators-elect, as above proposed, shall immediately proceed to effect a permanent organization, and to elect officers and members to be established by universal custom and precedent.

President Aldrich of the democratic senate attended the conference. It lasted about half an hour. When it was over, Democratic Senator Wood made an announcement regarding the reception of the proposition from the republicans, adding that the reply thereto by the democrats would be made in writing on Monday next.

The conferees discussed the matter only slightly and there was no formal expression of feeling regarding it on the part of the democrats.

DEMANDED WORK.

Demands by the Unemployed at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 17.—Several hundred of the unemployed workmen here marched to the town hall today, and the leaders in violent speeches demanded that work be furnished them by the corporation.

The mayor refused to grant an interview to a deputation that had been appointed by the crowd to wait upon him.

Addressed by Vice President Stevenson.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Vice President Stevenson visited the senate and assembly this morning and was heartily welcomed in each chamber. He spoke briefly to the members.

Fighting the Rebels in Mexico.

DEMING, N. M., Jan. 17.—Last Saturday night a company of nine gendarmes encamped in the mountains near Espal were attacked by thirteen Temochian rebels. The rebels were killed, and it is said another battle was fought yesterday near the Mexican Central railroad and twenty-five soldiers killed.

A Pennsylvania Murderer Hanged.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Jan. 17.—Henry Helst was hanged here this morning. The drop fell at 11:30 o'clock. He died protesting his innocence. He was convicted of murdering Samuel Monn, a fellow wood-chopper. The evidence was wholly circumstantial.

Miss Robertson Becomes Insane.

NEW CASTLE, Pa., Jan. 17.—Fresh interest is awakened in the sensational Hartshorn-Campbell divorce case by the announcement that Miss Alice Robertson, the victim of malpractice, is insane. Should she die, additional charges will be entered against Dr. Campbell and Prof. Hartshorn.

A St. Louis Factory Resumes.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 17.—One hundred and sixty of the St. Louis unemployed will go to work for the Buck Stove and Range Company, resuming operations for a period of sixty days.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

Several Important Offices Filled by Mr. Cleveland Today.

The president today sent to the senate the following nominations:

William I. Buchanan of Iowa, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to the Argentine Republic.

Allen Thomas of Florida, to be consul of the United States at La Guayra, Venezuela.

Edward W. S. Tingle of Montana, to be consul of the United States at Brunswick, Germany.

John R. Beckwith of Georgia, to be collector of customs for the district of Savannah, Ga.

John M. Hutson of South Carolina, collector of customs for the district of Beaufort, S. C.

John M. Burks of Nebraska, to be surveyor of customs for the port of Lincoln, Neb.

TO TRY AGAIN.

Another Indictment in the Ford's Theater Disaster Case Probable.

It is more than probable that within two weeks time Messrs. Alinsworth, Dant, Covert and Sasse, will be called upon to answer another indictment in connection with the Ford's Theater disaster of the 9th of June last, and it is understood that the expected indictment will, like those of the previous year, charge the four men last summer, charge them with manslaughter in having been responsible for the death of one of twenty-two victims of the terrible catastrophe.

No witnesses in the case have yet been examined by the present grand jury, and while District Attorney Irbey is somewhat reticent as to the subject, it is, nevertheless, stated that the grand jury called before the grand jury not later than next week, and that Mr. Irbey expects an indictment to result within a few days after the witnesses have been examined.

It is also stated that the decision of the Court of Appeals in the case of the two indictments against Messrs. Alinsworth, Dant, Covert and Sasse last August has been most carefully considered by the district attorney that in the event of another indictment being ordered by the grand jury it can be so drawn as to avoid the question which the Court of Appeals decided were fatal to the previous ones, and thereby secure a trial of the accused.

Of course, just what men will be indicted, if any, and whether they will be indicted jointly or severally, are questions which cannot be answered definitely, although it is believed that four men, Alinsworth, Dant, Covert and Sasse, will be presented, and that they will be jointly indicted, as was the case in the two indictments quashed by the Court of Appeals.

Smashed the ox.

At 5 o'clock this morning the team of Wm. Hickey, running the laundry and letter box at the corner of 8th and M streets northwest and smashed them. The letters were placed in another box.

JUDGE LOCHREN DENIES.

He Does Not Hold That Ex-Confederates Are Ineligible.

At a meeting of the Austin District Medical Society, held yesterday, Judge Lochren, commissioner of pensions, was condemned for having, it was alleged, ruled that ex-confederate surgeons were ineligible to serve on the pension board of examiners. Col. Sayers produced a letter from Commissioner Lochren, under date of July 10, 1893, in which he said that he recommended for a position on the board of examining surgeons for this bureau at Austin, is not eligible for appointment, as he served in the confederate army. It was also stated at the meeting that the commissioner had subsequently written a letter denying that he ever had made such a ruling.

In an interview with a reporter for The Star today Judge Lochren said:

"I have never held that confederate surgeons were ineligible for appointment as medical examiners. I have, however, in the many misrepresentations of the action of the bureau I have deemed it policy to avoid repeating it. I have said that I did not believe there were others in the same place equally well qualified for the position. I understand perfectly well that federal surgeons were as well as just treated by ex-confederates as by surgeons, who had served in the federal army, but if many ex-confederates were appointed the action of the bureau would be liable to be misrepresented and used by the confederates as best qualified for the place they were appointed.

"I think there are obvious and strong reasons for keeping and retaining the reports as confidential; so also as to papers disclosing frauds. No action is taken on the account of the disqualification of a reliable, and in all investigations in which evidence is taken in which action will be based on the evidence of the confederates and produce witnesses in his own behalf.

ARE THEY YET ALIVE?

The Infamous Bender Family Claimed to Still Be in Existence.

Special Correspondence of The Evening Star.

TOPEKA, Kan., January 13, 1894.

Although over twenty years have elapsed since the Bender family carried on their campaign of murder and slaughter in southern Kansas, from which place they were compelled to flee, officers in Labette and Montgomery counties continue to receive letters from detectives from all quarters of the globe announcing that they are on the trail of this celebrated family of outlaws and will deliver them to the proper officers if a big reward offered for their capture is forthwith paid.

Recently, detectives in Old Mexico claimed to have the Benders located in the Sierra Madre mountains. This has become a chestnut to the officers and no attention is paid to such reports any more. The reason for this is that the friends of Dr. York, the Benders' last victim, put them out of the country after they had murdered him.

The story of the murders committed by this family of outlaws would fill a book. For years they murdered innocent people and carried blood and death over the country. The story of the murders committed by this family of outlaws would fill a book. For years they murdered innocent people and carried blood and death over the country.

The case in which the decision was rendered was No. 25, John McGraw, appellant, against Duff and McGraw, appellees. McGraw is the son of John McGraw, who died about a year ago, leaving his estate to the appellees. The will was contested by McGraw, and McGraw appealed to the Court of Appeals. The McGraws in due time moved a dismissal of the case, and McGraw moved to set aside the decision of the court of appeals, and to deposit the money, as required by rule 9 of the court of appeals, to cover the costs of the case.

The court's decision was written by Mr. Chief Justice Alvey, who explained that McGraw sought to avoid the operation of rule 9 of the court by invoking and relying upon the provision of the act of 1892, which says that the court of appeals shall, in the language of the statute, that it has no application to this case.

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MR. HORNBLOWER'S REJECTION.

Uncertainty as to His Interpretation of the Constitution the Main Cause.

It is insisted by a number of democrats, some who voted for and some who voted against the confirmation of Hornblower, that his rejection does not signify a following of Mr. Hill in general antagonism to the administration, and that there were reasons which induced senators to vote against confirmation entirely apart from any desire to take sides with Mr. Hill in his personal controversy. The potential influence securing his rejection was an uncertainty, they say, as to his views on constitutional questions. It was urged with great effect that the democrats could be judged whether his views accorded with the general democratic views in the interpretation of the Constitution or whether in that respect he agreed with the republicans.

What Southerners Want.

The democrats, especially those of the south, regard as one of the gravest impositions that the republicans have placed upon a democratic administration, the thoroughly represent democratic ideas of the Constitution. In the absence of any knowledge as to Mr. Hornblower's views of the Constitution, the fact that he was rejected is supported by Justice Harlan, and by the other southern senators. The republicans of pronounced views on this question, the suspicion was so strong in the minds of some of the southern senators that his views might not accord with theirs that they were unwilling to take the risk of a vote on this matter. It is said that the southern senators who voted against confirmation had their votes on that side been necessary.

Divorce Wanted.

Mary Louise Weltz, nee Espueta, has filed an amended bill against her husband, Abraham Lincoln Weltz, for a divorce, releasing the charges of cruel treatment in her original bill filed in October last and in this she asks a divorce from bed and board only.

Gen. Schofield's Majority.

In the annual election of officers of the Army and Navy Club Gen. Schofield was elected by a majority of 13 over Capt. Robley D. Evans, and not of 30, as was stated yesterday.

Government Receipts Today.

The receipts from internal revenue today were \$72,451; from customs, \$375,105.

Wants an Appointment.

Mr. W. H. Stufflebeam of Blackfoot, Idaho, has applied for an appointment of chief of division in the Treasury Department.

Advices from Serbia concur that another political crisis is probable in that country.

Cardinal Vazary presided yesterday over a meeting of the clergy of the city of Vienna, and called for the repeal of the new education and civil marriage laws.

TO EXAMINE CLAIMS.

The Senate Pension Committee Reports a Bill Adversely.

An important pension bill granting the right to personally inspect and have attested copies of evidence and to be heard or used in proceedings to obtain pensions, introduced last August by Mr. Allen, was today reported adversely by the Senate committee on pensions. Accompanying the report is a letter from Pension Commissioner Lochren, in which he says that the bill would not pass, and that its effect would be to multiply the work of the bureau and to multiply claims. Under such a law the bureau would immediately be invaded by all the claim agents in the country and a large part of its force diverted from the business of adjudicating claims and compelled to devote their time to dealing with the claims of such agents, who would use them for data on which to construct additional claims and claims for increase.

Many reports in pension cases are confidential in their nature, including the reports of medical examiners. Fair and honest reports would be expected if the surgeons knew they were liable to be rejected to abuse and adverse criticism from pension claimants and their agents and friends whenever the report was unfavorable to the claimants desired or expected. The surgeons now act untrammelled. The claimants appear before the surgeons and make their statements, and no one appears against them. The surgeons act on these statements and the examinations they make. The examiners, however, report as confidential; so also as to papers disclosing frauds. No action is taken on the account of the disqualification of a reliable, and in all investigations in which evidence is taken in which action will be based on the evidence of the confederates and produce witnesses in his own behalf.

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STAR READERS AND THE POOR.

Let All Subscribe Something, No Matter How Little.

Subscribers to The Star who desire to take part in the general movement to relieve destitution in the city can send their contributions to the general committee through the collectors of The Star when they call to make their monthly collections. It is desired that all who can shall make a contribution every month for three months. Let every one give something, if it is only a dime. The contribution should be placed in an envelope with the accompanying coupon, properly filled, and handed to The Star's collector.

Those who desire to do so may send the envelopes directly to The Star office instead of waiting for the collector.

COUPON.

THE STAR SUBSCRIBERS' FUND.

NAME _____ RESIDENCE _____

FOR THE RELIEF OF THE POOR.

CAPITOL TOPICS.

Examining Col. Alinsworth.

The select committee of the Senate that is investigating the Ford's Theater disaster held its third meeting this morning and continued the examination of Col. Alinsworth. He gave the committee a very complete account of the disaster, and made some valuable suggestions as to the best method of ascertaining the exact damages and injuries done by the accident. The next meeting of the committee will be held on Monday at half-past ten.

English vs. Hilborn.

The California consular election of English vs. Hilborn was argued last night before a full meeting of the House committee on elections and a number of spectators. Mr. Hilborn is the republican and is the sitting member. His case last night has been handled in an exceedingly able manner by Mr. Frederick Hall, California Representative. Hilborn also made a forcible argument for Mr. Hilborn. The contesting of the case was a very interesting one and hangs on a very few votes.

Increased Naval Estimates.

Commander Chadwick of the bureau of equipment appeared before a subcommittee of the House naval committee this morning. The estimates for the bureau for the fiscal year 1895 are \$1,740,480. In October, 1892, the statement shows that the amount received from October 1, 1891, to the present date was \$2,828,018.

TWO APPOINTMENTS.

An Artist and a New Engraver for the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

The secretary of the Treasury has made two important appointments in the bureau of engraving and printing. One of them is the appointment of a new engraver, and the other that of a new artist. The new engraver is a man of high standing. At the request of the Treasury Department he designed the work of the fair diploma. His present employment is merely a temporary one.

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A Georgetown Street.

W. H. Tenney & Sons have written to the Commissioners, calling attention to the filthy condition of Water street, Georgetown, which in the interest of public health and comfort should be improved.

BLOCKS THE ALLEY.

A Stable in the Way and There is a Block in the Alley.

Mary R. Miller and Anthony Miller have filed a bill for injunction against the Commissioners of the District, Surveyor Forsyth, M. J. Keane et al., to restrain from prosecuting an information against complainants for obstructing an alley in square 1011, and from tearing down a stable on her property.

The test will probably take place on New Jersey avenue between 1st street and Indiana avenue.

A Petition.

Owing to the crowds which congregate about the patrol box at the corner of 25th street and Pennsylvania avenue, a petition has been presented to the Commissioners to move the box to the corner of 25th and N streets.

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The Death of Mrs. Larcombe.

Mrs. J. H. Larcombe of 214 A street northeast, whose sudden death last Saturday was noticed briefly in The Star yesterday, was stricken with cerebral apoplexy in front of No. 404 A street northeast about 9 o'clock in the afternoon. Mrs. Larcombe was out on an errand of mercy at the time.

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Investors to Adjourn.

The American Association of Inventors and Manufacturers, which has been in convention in this city, held a brief session this morning at the rooms of the board of trade, and reached a final adjournment at 11 o'clock. The executive council of the association will meet again this afternoon to clear up the remaining business of the convention.

Italian Laborers Killed.

FAIRVIEW, N. J., Jan. 17.—A construction train on the Northern railroad of New Jersey went through a temporary trestle near this place this morning, falling on twenty or thirty Italians, who were at work under the trestle. Three of the men were crushed to death, and nearly every one of the others was injured. The injured men have been taken to the Hoboken hospitals.

Elected a Trustee.

Last evening Mr. B. K. Bruce (recorder of deeds) was elected a trustee of Howard university to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Bishop Brown.

Machinery vs. Labor.

The committee on labor today authorized Mr. McGinn (lab.), chairman of the committee, to report favorably his resolution providing for an investigation of the effects of machinery on labor, and of wages of women and children. The committee will hear Labor Commissioner Wright on these subjects.

For Dollar Gas.

The Commissioners today recommended favorable action on House bill 4273, relating to the sale of gas in the District of Columbia. The bill provides for the sale of gas at the rate of \$1 per thousand cubic feet of illuminating gas furnished to private consumers in the District of Columbia is an equitable compensation to the gas companies.

UNNATURAL DEATHS.

The Police Ordered to Report Promptly to the Coroner.

Maj. Moore, superintendent of police, yesterday issued an order as to cases to be reported to the coroner, stating that in cases of death due to other than natural causes, or when there are suspicious circumstances, they should be referred to the coroner. The order also states that the health officer has assigned to the physicians of the poor the duty of investigating the cause of death, and that it is impossible to obtain a physician's certificate. It shall be the duty of the health officer to investigate the cause and circumstances of such death, to make and sign the certificate required by the coroner, and the coroner is required to make such investigation and report.

MESSERS. COCKRAN AND WALKER.

An amusing Colloquy Between Them in the House This Afternoon.

The House was treated this afternoon to an amusing colloquy between Representative Cockran and Representative Walker. While it was presumably a portion of the tariff debate the proceedings were at times farcical. The trouble began early in the day when Mr. Cockran spoke of Mr. Walker as not being bound by the ordinary rules of common sense. This statement seemed to rankle in Mr. Walker's mind, and for a time he appeared to be meditating a reply to Mr. Cockran. Finally he secured the floor and proceeded to get even with Mr. Cockran.

Mr. Walker was in earnest and was very sincere and very warm, but Mr. Cockran was in a joking mood. The members gathered around the two gentlemen and stood in the main aisle. For ten minutes Mr. Walker and Mr. Cockran were in a sarcastic colloquy, and after making some sarcastic references to Mr. Cockran's fairness in debate, Mr. Walker said that he would not allow figures to prove that Mr. Cockran was wrong in some of his tariff statements. Several sharp passages of words took place between the two gentlemen, and Mr. Walker finished, his republican colleagues, with all earnestness, gave him an ovation.

DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

Want More Light.

The residents and business owners of Howard avenue, Anacostia, have joined in a petition to the Commissioners, calling attention to the neglected condition of that street, especially in the matter of lights. This street, they represent, is one of the most thickly settled in Anacostia, yet, strange to say, there is no single street lamp or light of any kind along the whole stretch, running west from Nichols avenue to the Eastern branch. They urge, in consequence, that a series of gas or electric oil lamps be erected along Howard avenue between the points named immediately.

New Hydrant.

The Commissioners have ordered the erection of a new hydrant at 4th street and N street southwest, in place of the present old one.

A wooden trunk drain across 28th street south of Pennsylvania avenue extended, has been ordered by the Commissioners.

MR. TURPIE'S SNAKE STORY.

Maj. Jonas Turpie of a Colored Preacher Who Used a Similar Metaphor.

Sensor Turpie's snake story, which he told in his Hawaiian speech yesterday, was the cause of a good deal of talk today. The consensus of opinion was that Mr. Turpie dropped the snake at just the right time. With a white snake, and the reptile had crept away," the Senator let go the tail of his illustrative serpent at exactly the right season to prevent his metaphor from turning on him and stinging him. Of course Mr. Turpie was alluding to some one, but he had the tact not to mention names.

In the midst of the discussion this morning about the Senate on this topic Major Turpie's serpent-statement was a reminder of his customary story. It is a curious complication that will prevent the major's memory from producing an apt reply.

"Mr. Turpie's treatment of that